

# CROSSFIELD CRHONICLE

VOLUME III — No. 3

CROSSFIELD ALBERTA

FRIDAY, MARCH 15th, 1946

\$1.50 a Year

Showing in the Crossfield  
U.F.A. HALL

SATURDAY

March 16th

"Melody Master"

A good picture.

COMING NEXT WEEK —  
"GOING MY WAY" STARRING  
BING CROSBY and BARRY  
FITZGERALD

ADDED SHORTS AND  
NEWS REEL

NOW IS THE TIME TO  
TREAT YOUR SEED GRAIN  
WITH

**CERESAN**

CERESAN NOT ONLY CONTROLS  
SMUT BUT INCREASES GERM-  
INATION, PRODUCES STRONG,  
HEALTHY PLANTS AND GETS  
THE PLANT OFF TO AN EARLY  
START AND REDUCES ITS COM-  
PETITION FROM WEEDS.

THE COST IS ONLY ABOUT 4c  
PER ACRE. USE IT ON YOUR  
WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY, RYE AND  
FLAX.

BOOK YOUR REQUIREMENTS  
NOW

**Edlund's  
Drug Store**

THE RETAIL STORE  
Crossfield, Alta.

REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
(in all its branches)  
RENTAL AGENT  
CONVEYANCING  
FARM LISTINGS WANTED

**H. MAY**

Phone 33 Crossfield.

## LOCAL NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. May were on a shopping spree in the city on Monday.

Don't forget the picture show in the U.F.A. hall on Saturday evening.

Vic Ohman has traded off his car and now sports a light delivery truck.

Sid Willis spent the week-end at his home here.

Jack Matheson returned home on Monday after a sojourn in the Didsbury hospital.

T. M. Mair has sold his farm to a Mr. Jensen from Nanton.

C. C. Stafford is building a sun porch on the rear of his house on Hammond Street.

The many friends of Billy Amery will be glad to know that he is back in civies after his spell in the R. C. A. F.

Keep a date open for the dance sponsored by the Canadian Legion on March 29th. "Mountaineers" orchestra.

Frank Collicutt shipped several bulls to the sale being held at Kamloops this week.

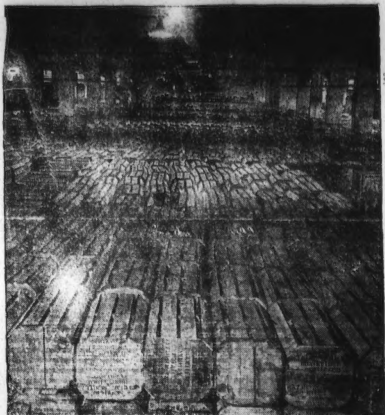
Mel Patmore who is a patient in the General hospital in Calgary is progressing nicely after his recent operation and he expects to be home shortly.

Don't forget the annual meeting of the Crossfield Mutual Telephone shareholders to be held in the Fire hall on Saturday, March 23rd at 2:00 p.m.

Geo. Butler moved his sawmill out of town to the bush country last Monday where he will begin the business of a lumber merchant.

**TUNE IN!**  
**FUL-O-PEP QUIZ!**  
Hear your friends  
on the air ...  
Every Wednesday 9.30 P.M.  
**CFCN Calgary**  
DIAL 1010

## Seed Potatoes for S. America



PART of a cargo of 100,000 bushels of Canadian certified seed potatoes at the port of St. John, N.B., en route to South America. Due to their notably high quality Canadian seed finds a ready market in many countries. The demand is increasing every year. In 1945 six and one half million bushels of potatoes were certified for seed by the Plant Protection Division, Dominion Department of Agriculture. About 75 per cent of last year's seed crop will be exported.

Mrs. A. B. Hudson of Calgary was a week-end visitor at the home of her sister, Mrs. Melvin Patmore.

A farewell party in honor of the Misses Margaret and Nancy Bulloch was held in the Masonic hall on Friday evening. Everybody reported a good time.

Lloyd Johnson who is taking a vocational training course at Medicine Hat spent the week-end at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Johnson.

Fred Baker has sold the Crossfield Garage to Ernie Sharp, but will continue his wholesale gas and oil business in a new office at the side of his warehouse.

There will be a meeting of the shareholders of the Crossfield Mutual Telephone Company in the Fire Hall, in Crossfield on Saturday, March 23 commencing at 2:00 p.m.

Roy Shenfield is giving up farming and returning to the trucking business with two new trucks on highway construction work. Steve Nasadyk has rented the farm and will move after the sale.

Jack Fleming, late of Crossfield was in Calgary recently to meet his English bride who had just crossed over. Mrs. P. H. Fleming and ... Nora were also on hand to greet the new addition to the family.

The annual meeting of the Curling Club was very well attended and much enthusiasm shown. The financial statement showed the club to be in good shape, with a credit balance of \$186.50. In the election of officers for the coming year President D. J. Hall was re-elected by acclamation. Vice President elected was A. D. Stevens. President elected was A. D. Stevens and Carl Becker was re-appointed as secretary-treasurer. The executive Committee is made up with Geo. R. Jones, W. W. Stafford, L. B. Beddoes and H. Wigle. A special meeting will be held in the curling rink on Monday, March 18th at 8:15 to discuss plans for the building of a new rink.

## LEGION ANNUAL MEETING

At the annual meeting of the Crossfield branch of the Canadian Legion held recently quite a number of new war veterans were on hand. Finances were shown to be in good shape and in the election for officers the old members admitted that they had kept the branch alive for the benefit of these younger men and were now willing to step down and let them take over. The election resulted in Frank Moen being elected President and Ed Hopkins Vice-President. Arthur Baker was appointed Secretary-Treasurer and the new executive is composed of H. May, H. McIntyre and E. Tweedale.

Plans were laid for more social activities the first step in this direction being a dance arranged for March 29. The branch also went on record as being strongly opposed to any more Alberta land being sold to any sect that did not believe in fighting for their country should the need arise. Some discussion took place regarding a community hall for Crossfield and more should be heard of this at a later date. The evening ended with refreshments and a sing-song.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernie Tweedale were Calgary visitors the first of the week.

Mrs. Melvin Patmore and June were Calgary visitors on Monday last.

Irene Sefton spent the week-end at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Sefton.

## \* CHURCH SERVICES \*

**CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION**  
Service Sunday, March 17  
Evening at 7:30 p.m.  
Rev. J. M. Roe

**CROSSFIELD UNITED CHURCH**  
Sunday, March 17, 1946  
Crossfield Sunday School at 11:00 a.m.  
Evening services at 7:30 p.m.

**CROSSFIELD BAPTIST CHURCH**  
Rev. J. W. MacDonald, Minister  
Sunday morning at 11 a.m.  
Sunday school and Bible study at 12 noon.  
Prayer service Wednesday at 4 p.m.  
Young People's service Friday at 7:30

## ANNOUNCEMENT!

**L. R. LIPSETT, K. C., M. A., LL. B.**

Of 310 Grain Exchange Bldg., Calgary

— AND —

**E. C. COLLIER, LL. B.**

who was recently serving with the Royal Canadian Air Force Legal Department, Ottawa

ANNOUNCE

that they are now associated in partnership in the practice of law under the firm name of

**LIPSETT and COLLIER**

310 GRAIN EXCHANGE BUILDING  
Calgary — Alberta

**Dr. S. H. McClelland**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
322-324 Stockyards Building  
Office Phone E2840, Res. Phone W3724  
Calgary — Alberta

## Crossfield Machine Works

W. A. Hurt - Prop.  
Welding — Magnesium — Radiators  
John Deere Farm Implements  
Elephant Brand Fertilizer  
PHONE 22  
Crossfield

## MONEY MAKER FEEDS

Chick Starter, 100 lbs. .... \$3.25

Chick Growing Mash, 100 lbs. \$3.75

Hog Concentrate, 100 lbs. .... \$3.25

A full line of stock and poultry

Feeds

## UNITED GRAIN GROWERS

LTD. at CROSSFIELD

## COUNCIL MEETINGS

The regular monthly meeting of the Village Council will be held in the

## FIRE HALL

on the  
First Monday of each  
month  
commencing at 8:00 p. m.

## A. W. GORDON INSURANCE

HALL — Alberta Hall Insurance Board and Leading Companies  
FIRE — Alberta Government Insurance and Leading Companies  
LIFE — Mutual Life Insurance Company of Canada.

Crossfield : Alberta

We are now taking orders for the famous—

## Jay Hawk Stackers

Get your order in early as the supply is limited. DON'T FORGET THAT WE ARE EQUIPPED TO REPAIR ALL MAKES OF TRACTORS AND OTHER FARM MACHINERY.

**L. B. BEDDOES**

J. I. CASE DEALER

Phone 67

Crossfield, Alberta

Residence 68

## For Future Wealth

Today, this year, most people are comparatively prosperous. Next year, who can tell what conditions will be? It is wise to save now for uncertain times ahead—and encourage others to do so, too.

Space donated by the

## WAR SAVINGS STAMPS or CERTIFICATES

Space Donated  
by the

BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA



**Lumber**

WAGON TONGUES — 5 only ROUGH BIRCH

All above subject to prior sale.

**Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.**

H. R. Fitzpatrick

Crossfield, Alberta

**SPECIAL!**  
About 10,000 feet ship-lap, boards and dimension lumber  
Suitable for repairs.  
To CLEAR — per 100 F.B.M.  
\$3.50  
**HARDWOOD**  
A small supply of good OAK and BIRCH for Spring repairs.

FOR A GOOD  
COUGH SYRUPQuick  
relief  
for  
CHILDREN  
LOVE  
VENO'SCOUGHS - COLDS  
BRONCHITIS  
ASTHMA

BUY A BOTTLE TODAY!



## The World Food Crisis

THE MOST SERIOUS PROBLEM which has arisen since the end of the war is the world food shortage, which has become increasingly critical during the last few months. In the past, starvation may plague have often followed in the wake of war, but it was hoped that this time, means might be found to avert disasters such as these. The world has now been told, however, that it is facing the greatest food crisis in modern times, and that even with a maximum effort on the part of those nations which have food to export, sufficient supplies are not available to provide adequately for all the people in Europe and Asia between now and the next harvest. Great Britain, Canada, the United States, and other countries who are able to export food, have taken measures to increase shipments abroad, but even their best efforts cannot be expected to completely alleviate the present crisis.

Attributed To  
Many Causes

The world shortage of cereals is one of the most serious aspects of the food situation. This shortage is attributed to many causes. Lack of meat, fats, and other foods has increased the use of bread and cereals in Europe. At the same time, due to the devastation of war, the acreage sown in wheat and cereal crops on that continent has been greatly reduced. In addition, adverse weather conditions caused these crops which were sown in Europe last year, to be one of the poorest in history. The annual pre-war wheat crop in Europe averaged some forty-two million tons, while this year the yield was estimated at only twenty-three million tons. Drought conditions in many parts of the world, and a widespread shortage of fertilizers during the past two years have also contributed to the present scarcity of cereal grains.

Appealed For  
Prompt Action

The Canadian Wheat Board recently announced that supplies of wheat in farmers' bins in this country were only about half of what they had been a year ago, but it appealed for prompt delivery of available wheat to elevators, to be made ready for shipment overseas. It is estimated that the world wheat deficit for the first half of this year will be over five million tons. By the time of the next harvest, stocks of wheat are expected to be almost completely exhausted, and needs for next year will have to be met almost entirely from the current crop. Reports issued by the Emergency Economic Committee for Europe show that over two hundred and forty million people are now forced to exist on a diet far lower than the 2,650 calorie minimum set by the U.N.R.R.A. authorities. Under present conditions hunger and near starvation is the lot of these people, and it will be impossible for them to escape disease, which always attacks under these circumstances. The people of all countries who are in a position to export food, will be called upon to make many sacrifices until the world situation improves, but there will be few who will not wish to do all that is possible to relieve the present crisis abroad.

**Always A GOOD COMPANION**

At work or play, a cup of delicious Melrose Coffee is a cheerful, stimulating friend. And to enjoy its exclusive flavor to the full, make Melrose your regular morning beverage.

**Melrose Coffee**

**RICH STRONG DELICIOUS**

SOLE IMPORTERS: H. J. MACDONALD CO., LTD., WINNIPEG

## Cattle Vaccine

**Canadian Short Horn Association**  
Pass Resolution  
A resolution asking the Dominion government to make available to approved veterinarians, free of charge, the vaccine used to inoculate cattle against tuberculosis was passed at the annual meeting of the Canadian Short Horn Association at Winnipeg.

It also suggested that a certificate of vaccination be furnished to the owner of each calf injected.

However, should the Dominion government not establish such a policy, the meeting asked that the provinces be given the authority permitting recognition of provincial certificates in export trade.

Acceptance of the association's resolution would eliminate the necessity of blood tests in exporting cattle to the United States. Present vaccination is not recognized by that country because it is not carried out by approved veterinarians.

**RUB OUT THAT GOLD WITH—**

**MINARD'S LINIMENT**

**"KING OF PAIN"**

## In Great Demand

**Boom In Diamonds Has Far Exceeded Expectation Of Dealers**  
LONDON.—Expectations that the end of the war would bring a repetition of the 1919 boom in diamonds have proved to be an understatement. Demand for the gems is described as "unbelievable."

It is reliably learned that the diamond syndicate has adopted a new policy of adjusting its selling prices with the ruling market prices. Well-informed diamond traders expect further price increases later in the year.

A surprising feature of the boom is that the demands for industrial diamonds, which was universally expected to dwindle as war industry was demobilized, is also insatiable.

## NOT USED BY COLUMBUS

When Columbus discovered America the continent had no name. He thought he had reached a western part of India, so he called the islands of the Caribbean Sea the West Indies. The name America came from Amerigo Vesputi, a traveler from Florence, who visited this country a year after Columbus. The name America was not used by Columbus.

## WORKING IN REVERSE

It was in 1965 that the first horse brought to Canada from France was disembarked from a sailing ship at Tadoussac. It was presented to the Governor of New France, Augustin de Saffray de Mézy, by the settlers. Now horses are going in the other direction.

Price Control  
And Rationing  
Information

Q.—Is there to be a cut in the butter ration for the months of March and April?

A.—Canadians will be obliged to accept a reduction in their butter ration from six to four ounces per person per week during March and April. During these two months two coupons will become valid for each month, on the following dates: March 7 and 21 and April 4 and 18.

Q.—Have the purple butter coupons been declared invalid?

A.—The purple butter coupons expire on February 28. The "R" coupons will be used for purchasing butter.

Q.—Are priority suit certificates transferable to another party?

A.—The certificate issued to veterans or the purchase of a suit is not transferable and must not be accepted by a merchant in exchange for a suit if it is known that the person offering it is not the rightful owner.

Q.—I'm expecting visitors from the States and would like to know if I will be able to get ration coupons for them.

A.—If your guests will be staying for five days or more, they should apply to your district local ration board and ration coupons will be given them to cover the length of their stay.

Please send your questions or your request for the pamphlet "Consumers' News" or the Blue Book in which you keep track of your rationing, mentioning the name of this paper to the nearest Wartime Prices and Trade Board office in your province.

## GEMS OF THOUGHT

## CALMNESS

Calmness of mind is one of the beautiful jewels of wisdom. It is the result of long and patient effort in self-control.—James Allen.

Serenity of mind and calmness of thought are a better enjoyment than anything without us.—Benjamin Whitchole.

Waves of serene life pass over us from time to time, like flocks of sun-lights over the fields in cloudy weather.—Henry D. Thoreau.

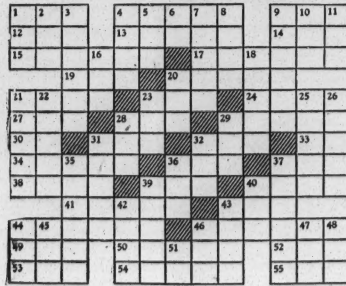
The secret heart is devotion's temple; there the saint lights the flame of purest sacrifice, which burns unquenched, but not unaccepted.—Hannah More.

The Soul-inspired patriarchs heard the voice of Truth, and talked with God as consciously as man talks with man.—Mary Baker Eddy.

How calmly may we commit ourselves to the hands of him who bears up the world.—Richter.

To Feel Right — Eat Right!

## X-X OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE X-X



## HORIZONTAL

- 1 Dance step
- 2 To play the bagpipe
- 3 Island
- 12 Ostrich-like bird
- 13 Web-like membranes
- 14 To weep
- 15 Chinese river-boat
- 17 East-Indian native
- 18 Playing
- 24 One of the oak family
- 21 Noted
- 22 Dried grass
- 24 Trick
- 25 To stray
- 26 Beetle
- 29 Factor
- 30 Bohemian
- 31 To cut
- 32 To hurry
- 33 Cooled lava
- 34 Greek
- 35 To be angry
- 36 Preposition
- 37 Fruit seed
- 38 Movable shelter
- 39 To spread
- 40 For drying

## VERTICAL

- 1 Foot-like part
- 2 Chalico
- 3 American
- 12 Revolution
- 13 general
- 14 Winding
- 15 Knowledge
- 16 Italian
- 17 To haul
- 18 To guide
- 19 To come
- 20 Growing out
- 21 However
- 22 Sound accompanying respiration
- 23 Large humming-bird
- 24 Swallow's nest
- 25 Slight friction
- 26 Loud noise
- 27 Noise
- 28 To rise
- 29 To rise
- 30 Mouth
- 31 To rise
- 32 However

## BABAR

## PROBON

## UNRAIDED

## GABRIEL

## LOANED

## CAPTIVATED

## DANIEL

## ARE

## MAJOR

## SHADE

## Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

## Green Cross

## FOR PEST CONTROL!

The sign of a modern, new line of products soon to be available at your local hardware stores to protect fruits, flowers and vegetables from insect pests, fungus diseases and weeds.

Trade Mark Reg.

## LOOK FOR THE "GREEN CROSS"

## Put To Good Use

## Wedding Party In England Did Not Throw Rice

It is difficult for the average citizen to realize just how short a food across the Atlantic. Perhaps this little story, from the Northwestern Miller, may help:

Some time ago, in Ipswich, England, Lt. John Holbauer of Milwaukee, Wis., wrote his parents of his coming wedding to an English girl. Shortly afterwards he received a package from home which contained the rice that had been thrown at his parents' wedding more than 26 years ago. They had saved it to be tossed at their son's nuptials. It wasn't tossed at the young couple when they left the church, however, but it did appear at the wedding—as a rice pudding.

Nobody throws away rice or any other food in England—Financial Post.

## Wider Markets

## United Nations Food And Agriculture Organization May Solve Problem

All the peoples of the world some day may be adequately fed and farmers of all countries will have wider and more stable markets because of the United Nations food and agriculture organization. It is Hannan, president of the Canadian Federation of Agriculture, told the 48th annual convention of the Ontario Association of Agricultural Societies at Toronto.

Outlining the objectives and problems of the R.A.O., Mr. Hannan said "the organization was founded in the belief that the needs of man, food and in no country have all the people enough to eat—and the great productive capacity of most countries might be brought together and co-ordinated to the advantage of both producers and consumers."

"If this could be done within and among nations it would solve most of the world's economic ills."

## ITCH CHECKED

For quick relief from itching caused by eczema, athlete's foot, scabies, pimples and other itching conditions, use Melrose's Itch-Checker. It's the only prescription. Greasy and sticky. Soothes, cures and cures. It's the only relief. Don't suffer. Ask your druggist today for **Melrose's Itch-Checker**.

## FILM SHOWINGS

## To Help Solve The Problems Of Canadian Farm Women

One of the chief aims of the National Film Board's Rural Circuits is to help solve the problems of Canadian farm women. As part of this program a new film, "Kitchen Comes True", is being shown in the rural areas of Canada to demonstrate how the old-fashioned farm kitchen may be transformed into an attractive and convenient centre for housework. "Kitchen Comes True" shows that on many farms where the barn and agricultural machinery are up-to-date and efficient the housewife is still carrying on her domestic work with the methods and equipment of her grandmother. In this film the drawbacks of a typical old-style kitchen are pointed out, and ways of eliminating them are described in detail. Suggestions are given for the arrangement of furniture to save steps, for the provision of adequate cupboard space and for getting rid of the common source of dirt and catch-all for rubbish.

Several other improvements shown in this film depend on the availability of hydro power. Films on rural electrification such as "Valley Of The Future" and "The National Film Board has also shown on all its rural circuits are consequently being distributed to encourage this first step towards better living conditions on the farm.

The ideas demonstrated in most of the films shown on the "Rural Circuits", however, may be more easily adopted than these large scale plans. Canning methods, meal planning and the preparation of school lunches are among the subjects covered. District Home Economists frequently speak at showings of films connected with their special interests.

Besides bringing information and new ideas to the individual housewife, the Rural Circuits are making a contribution to the social life of women in farming districts. Women's Institutes in many communities are sponsoring the film showings, which have become a monthly feature of their programs. Special showings are also arranged on request for Home and School Associations and other organizations in which women play an important part.

Much Better Coffee  
For Canadian Users

## Made Possible By Science In The Roasting And Packing Processes

Statistics show that Canadians are using much more coffee than in pre-war days. Before the war, the average Canadian was four pounds a year per person, now it is about six pounds. Quite an increase, although it does not begin to approach the consumption in the United States, where they use about eighteen pounds a year per person.

There may be many reasons for the increase in Canada, but undoubtedly it is largely due to the better and more flavorful cup of coffee which Canadians enjoy today, made possible by the many improvements which science has brought to the roasting and packing processes. Research is constantly being carried on in such modern plants as the manufacturing establishment of H. L. Macdonald Co., Ltd., at Winnipeg, where Melrose Coffee is roasted and packed, with the result that this delicious coffee compares favorably with the finest coffee produced.

For instance, scientific research has discovered that much of the delicate flavor oils of coffee were scorched in the old-type roasters, in which the heat came into direct contact with the coffee beans, and from that was developed the new Thermolow temperature roasting process by which the heated air is carried into revolving cylinders in which the beans are constantly moving. This process is used at this Melrose factory, and produces a bright, nut-brown coffee with a most delicious and appetizing flavor.

Another great stride in the speed with which the roasted coffee is sealed into air-tight containers. Science asserts that 18% of the flavor of coffee is lost in the first twenty-four hours after it is exposed to air, or to be exact, to the oxygen that is in the air we breathe. And again, science has found a way to replace this ordinary air with air that contains no oxygen during the packing process, so that the full roaster-fresh flavor of Melrose Coffee is sealed into every package until it reaches the cup.

The package itself, made of Lamo-film, is also the result of research, and comprises two sheets of glassine paper with a film of rubber and beeswax in between, laminated together under heat. This packaging is so airtight that even after immersing a package of Melrose Coffee in water, as a test, no moisture reached the coffee.

It is interesting to see what modern methods in a modern plant can accomplish in this stimulating beverage to the home.

## NEEDS SOME FIGURING

The Kitchener Record thinks it will be quite a trick for those old servers of atomic bomb tests to determine how close they can go to the scene of the blast to see what happens and still survive to tell what they observed.

IF HEAD COLDS  
HANG ON..

DO THIS! To relieve discomforts, one of the best things you can do is put a good spoonful of home-tested Vicks VapoRub in a bowl of boiling water.

Then feel welcome relief come as you breathe in the steaming medicated vapors that penetrate to the cold-congested upper breathing passages! See how this soothes irritation, quiets coughing, and helps clear the head-bringing grand comfort.

FOR GOOD RELIEF... rub throat, chest and back with VapoRub at bedtime. Vicks VapoRub works for hours—24 ways! See how to bring relief from distress.

Remember! Vicks VapoRub works for hours—24 ways! See how to bring relief from distress.

VICKS VapoRub you want.

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## NEW CAREER

## Veterans Are Keen About Course

Norman Alstodter, Canadian Press staff writer, says: After 34 years in the medical branch of Canada's armed forces, M. H. Mills of Truro, N.S., is starting a new career as a watchmaker.

The 51-year-old veteran, who served with the Black Watch in the First Great War and recently left the R.C.A.F. with the rank of flight lieutenant, has "always wanted to take a course in watchmaking."

Mills now is at the Toronto Training and Re-Establishment Institute where 3,700 ex-service men and women are enrolled in more than 24 other courses including horology—the art of watchmaking.

Unique in Canada, the course takes a year to complete. "There are pupils enrolled at present and some 200 waiting to enter. Students have been attracted from all parts of the Dominion."

J. R. Cadieux of Cornwall, Ont., said he originally intended to go to the United States for a course of study before entering his family's watchmaking business in Cornwall, but he was informed that the U.S. course would cost \$2,000.

"When we were in Italy we thought the government were kidding about all they were going to do for us but they have lived up to their promise 100 per cent," Cadieux said.

Students sit at long benches outfitted with shiny, humming labors. Equipment, valued at nearly \$25,000, was donated in part by commercial companies, who are interested in raising the standard of watchmaking.

H. V. Wilkins, chief instructor in horology, says the spirit of students is "excellent." There has been only one man dropped from the course and that was at his own request.

As in other parts of the school pupils in horology work in shifts. One class starts at 8 a.m. and works to 3 p.m. The second shift starts at 3:30 p.m. and works until 10 p.m.

Students alternate every two weeks. Hungry students may satisfy their craving for tasty dishes at the school cafeteria, which is operated by the members of the chefs and bakers courses.

The neophyte restaurateurs have a model organization in which to learn the secrets of their trade. Complete with pressure over the kitchen of the cafeteria and an adjoining bakery which, in addition to more substantial fare, turns out such delicacies as swan-like cream puffs.

The special at noon is a 25 cent meal which includes soup, a meat dish with two vegetables, two slices of bread, pie and beverage. Students and instructors say that they cannot find anything to equal the fare outside the school.

Seventy-five students, including five girls, work in two shifts in kitchen and classrooms and there is a long list of applicants waiting to take the course.

Mrs. G. A. Dobson, instructor in the restaurant technique said the busiest time of the day is between 9:30 a.m. and 12 noon when some 2,000 veterans are served at the school snack bar adjoining the cafeteria. It is

## Not Very Colorful

## But Canadians Did Fine Job In British West Indies

After a vital but colorless static defence role in the British West Indies, Canadian troops will be withdrawn this spring, defence headquarters announced.

Last Canadian troops in the West Indies are the First Battalion, Brockville Rifles and two special infantry companies of the Pictou Highlanders.

The presence of Canadian troops—kept at a strength of about 1,300 from 1934—ensured against the use of the area for U-boat and spy bases.

And it also served as a sort of advance training base for Canadian troops who eventually saw action in Europe.

Little publicity has been given the role Canada played in the defence of the West Indies—a role overshadowed by the more spectacular actions in the Mediterranean and northwest Europe.

Canada had no direct responsibility for the West Indies defence but, during the war when Britain's commitments in all parts of the world were particularly heavy, Canada agreed to send troops to guard that area.

Canada began taking over occupation duties May, 1940, when troops were sent to Jamaica. During June and October of 1942, the Bahamas and Bermuda also were occupied.

The duties performed by units were routine and colorless.

Despite this, they were called out with efficiency and, at the same time, the men were training and preparing themselves for any theatre of operations. In the latter part of the war some of the troops were dispatched to more active zones and participated in the final defeat of the Axis.

Jamaica was garrisoned by the Winnipeg Grenadiers, the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, the First Battalion, Irish Fusiliers and the First Battalion of the Brockville Rifles. Company 33 of the Veterans Guard of Canada and a company of Pictou Highlanders were stationed in the Bahamas. Another company of Pictou Highlanders occupied Bermuda. Since 1943 the strength of Canadian troops in the West Indies has remained in the vicinity of 1,150 all ranks.

## THE LIGHTEST METAL

Aluminum is light, magnesium is light; but lithium is lighter than all other metals, being only one-fifth the weight of aluminum. It is a silvery-white metal which occurs more plentifully than either lead or tin, and while little used until recently, it is now used in the compounds in tin bronzes, silicon bronzes, aluminum weldings, magnesium melting and casting, and in the heat treatment of metals. And now the explorers are on the hunt for this, the lightest of all metals. Some has already been found in Canada, and much more probably exists.

Ornithologists believe a few birds can count to three.

here that the veterans in training meet between classes to discuss their progress in the job of rehabilitation.

## SOME PEOPLE CONSIDER TEETHING THINGS USEFUL



—Carmack in the Christian Science Monitor.

## No Longer Needed

## But Beaver Club Did Good Work While In Operation

The Beaver club, which welcomed 15,000 Canadian servicemen daily during its first year as an armed forces recreation centre, ended operations on its sixth birthday.

Hundreds of volunteer workers clad in green smocks throughout the main hall as service authorities praised the club and its work at a ceremony attended by Queen Mary and Field Marshal Alexander, governor-general designate of Canada.

Tribute was paid by Rt. Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian high commissioner in London. Lt.-Gen. J. C. Murchie, chief of staff at Canadian military headquarters in London; Air Marshal G. O. Johnson, air officer commanding-in-chief, R.C.A.F. overseas; and Capt. Adrian Hop, head of the Canadian naval mission in London.

The last event in the life of the club—which has seen nearly 17,000 individual personal services provided for servicemen—was the entrance of a great white cake with red trimmings and six candles. Mrs. Massey cut the first slice and presented it to Queen Mary as the band played Auld Lang Syne.

The queen made a detailed inspection of the club building just off Trafalgar Square with E. G. Walling, Saskatchewan, the manager. She saw the reading rooms, examined the information services and fingered Canadian socks and sweaters displayed in the field comforts room. She questioned voluntary workers about their service.

Welcoming the guests, Mr. Massey said the club was "a little bit of Canada in London." He said the need for the club was past.

Gen. Murchie said more than 11,000,000 meals were served by the club and Air Marshal Johnson said 5,000 voluntary workers helped during the club's life. Capt. Hop said the club's name was synonymous with good food—"Canadian style in food," he added amid laughter.

## Artistic Treasures

## Of Ancient Egypt Are Found In A Coffin

Artistic treasures of ancient Egypt, found in a coffin with the mummy of a general, were hailed as important additions to the world's knowledge of the Pharaohs of about 3,000 years ago.

Dr. Elienne Drioton, director-general of the Egyptian antiquities department, disclosed the extent of the treasure discovered when Prof. Pierre Montet, chief of a French archaeological mission, opened a hidden room in the tomb of King Pausanias I at San El Hagar, once the capital city called Tanis, in the delta of the Nile.

The room proved to be the burial chamber of Gen. Un Djehau Kh Djehou. His mummy inside a coffin of granite and gold-covered wood, had disintegrated, but the jewels and other treasures buried with it were intact.

The general's coffin and jewels will be moved to the Egyptian museum in Cairo.

## The Blue Whale

## This Deep-Sea Denizen Has Two Interesting Characteristics

Two curious interesting characteristics belong to the blue whale and all of his type. The small eyes do not, as some people think, see in the dark, but the great body must be turned about in the waters for any change of vision.

But the strangest thing is that contraction of fringed whale bone which drops from the roof of his mouth.

He swims along, jaws apart, collecting small fish and water creatures with them floats them behind his strainer-pendulums and his sieve drops to hold them in.

When he is ready to enjoy his fish-tid-bit, he closes his jaws, forces the water out of his mouth, and the little fish caught behind the whalebone strainer are still there ready to go down to nourish the largest animal in the world.

## Chilly In Japan

## How To Keep Warm In Winter Is A Problem

The Japanese winter is not severe, but damp and penetrating. There is ordinarily no stove in a house other than the brazier filled with ashes, upon which smolder a few lumps of charcoal. You must hug the fire to keep warm.

The winter air rises through the floor upon which you sit. The house is raised on posts and the wind howls through beneath you and filters up into the room.

To keep warm, you must either go to bed, soak in a bath or keep moving. One cannot stay in bed or bath all the time. The answer is action. I firmly believe that this is the reason for the remarkable activity of the Japanese. It is far more comfortable to plow and plant in the muddy fields than to sit in the house.—From Key to Japan by Willard Price.

## Cruel Practice

## A Barbarous Survival Of The Dark Ages

"How cruel we can be!" was the comment of a North Country Stipendiary Magistrate when fining a dog owner £10 for cruelty. He had tied a piece of tarred twine round the neck of a puppy, and as the animal grew the twine caused a wound that encircled the neck. The prosecuting solicitor and a veterinary surgeon stated that the practice was "very uncommon" and was done in the belief that it would prevent distemper.

This barbarous survival of the dark ages has, of course, no virtue whatever, and apart from the great physical suffering occasioned, it lowers a puppy's resistance to any form of disease.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

## Useful Information

## Some Valuable Hints On When And How Much To Tip

The questions of who to tip and when, frequently constitute a problem for those who are footloose and like to wander away from home. H. Allen Smith, well known author and traveller, comes up with some new ideas, one of which is that tips ought to be given in advance—before the oysters, when the train is pulling out of the station or as the ship leaves port.

Usually a tip is looked upon as being some recognition for services rendered, which accounts for the custom of paying the tribute at the end of the meal or of the journey. Sometimes persons in the business of serving the public benefit by the unexpected generosity of their patrons. A girl in New York's famous Stork Club once received a \$2,000 tip and an employee of the Salon Royal received ten \$100.00 gratuities. Allen Smith, the author already referred to, admits that he once gave a red-headed washroom attendant in Cafe Society \$5. John D. Rockefeller always tipped a full 20 per cent, but other wealthy travellers and diners-out have been known to confine their offerings to the traditional ten per cent.

There are basic principles governing the gratuity industry and if you want to tip sensibly without being put down as either a show-off or a miser, the following suggestions should be followed, concludes Smith. "On food bills in hotels or boarding houses, no less than five per cent, and no more than ten per cent, should be given. If you eat in the same hotel or boarding house for a week, the head waiter should receive a dollar or two. You never need to tip the desk clerk, but the chambermaid should receive at least a dollar. Bellboys, redcaps and porters should be given ten cents for each piece of luggage. However, be more liberal if they carry ice or bottled goods to your room."

A taxi driver should receive at least ten cents and if the fare is over a dollar, twenty-five cents. Pullman porters should get 50 cents a night or more proportionally, if you are occupying a roomette or a bedroom. A full ten per cent should be given on a night club check.

These directions of Mr. Smith may or may not suit various individuals, but since many people at some time have to meet the problem of tipping, the suggestions may not come amiss.

## DEFINITION FOR NYLON

Nylon, say the du Pont people who make it, is "a generic term for any long-chain synthetic polymeric amide which is recurring amide groups as an integral part of the main polymer chain, and which is capable of being formed into a filament in which the structural elements are oriented in the direction of the axis." Now, if you should be asked "What is nylon?" you have the answer.

The earth travels 1,588,000 miles a day, or 583,670,000 miles a year, in its journey around the sun.

## CANADIAN CATTLE

## Dominion Has Million More Head Than Before The War

In spite of increased shipments of beef to the United Kingdom, Canada has one million more head of cattle than when she entered the war, according to Jack Byers, livestock supervisor of the production service with the Federal department of agriculture.

American cattle production at the same time is up from 68 millions to 82 millions for the same period.

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## Some Exceptions

## This Writer Thinks Pen Is Not Always Mightier Than Sword

Nothing can be more disconcerting than a pen which won't write when it is needed. What good is a neatly stamped and sealed letter if the post office pen won't function to address it. And what good is a cheque with its value neatly impressed by a machine if the bank pen can't be used to endorse it?

There are all sorts of difficulties with pens in public places. There are pens that are bent into a claw shape, probably by some day-dreaming user who chewed the point. There are the spread-point pens, the ruin left by the heavy hand-scravler.

There are rusty pens; too sharp pens that scratch; pens with their points filled with fibre from a blotter, pens that won't hold ink and pens that hold too much ink. And every one of them succeeds in depositing more ink on the fingers of the user than on the paper.

The fellow who said the pen is mightier than the sword certainly didn't have in mind the pens found in public places.—Minneapolis Tribune.

## Packaged Foods

## New York Magazine Predicts Big Change In Handling Methods

According to "Newsweek" magazine, of New York, U.S. housewives will soon be seeing more "prepackaged" pork chops and sirloin steaks. Department of Agriculture experts so predict. They believe most packers will send out their choice cuts in transparent wrappers to keep pace with the upturn in packaged frozen meats. A similar race is under way between fresh and frozen fruits and vegetables. Most fresh fruits, the experts say, will be prepackaged and transported by air. Frozen production will increase at a rapid pace, while canned fruits and vegetables, they believe, will decline. Home freezing will not be an important factor, because industry can do the job much better.—Stratford Beacon Herald.

## Made Good Fighters

## Head Hunters Of Borneo Were Great Help To Allies

Capt. R. K. Cheng, a Canadian-born Chinese from Lillooet, B.C., and Vancouver, told how he and other members of a special Canadian-British-Australian force trained head-hunters of Borneo to harass Japanese in the jungles of the tropical island.

Before hostilities with Japan ended, he spent seven months in guerrilla warfare and came to the conclusion the head-hunters rate with the best fighters in the world for courage, stamina and resourcefulness.

The odds were 50 to one against us when we first went in, but by V-J day we had cut that down until we were only slightly outnumbered," said Capt. Cheng. The mixed jungle patrols never struck unless they were sure they would achieve at least 90 per cent casualties on the Japanese.

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The winter air rises through the floor upon which you sit. The house is raised on posts and the wind howls through beneath you and filters up into the room.

To keep warm, you must either go to bed, soak in a bath or keep moving. One cannot stay in bed or bath all the time. The answer is action. I firmly believe that this is the reason for the remarkable activity of the Japanese. It is far more comfortable to plow and plant in the muddy fields than to sit in the house.—From Key to Japan by Willard Price.

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Mrs. Roell, Michael and Peter Before Captivity

**RATS TASTED LIKE DUCK TO INTERIENED FAMILY**—Recently arrived in England after three-and-a-half years in Japanese hands, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Roell and their two children will shortly be sailing to Canada on the last stage of their journey from the Far East. Mr. Roell, a Dutch citizen and manager for the U.S. Rubber Co. of a plantation in Sumatra, first met his wife as Kathleen Macdonald, in Canada in 1924. They were married in Singapore and the two children were born in Sumatra. None of them was brutally treated by the Japs or became seriously ill, but all suffered from malnutrition and from lack of proper medical treatment when sick. Adding further facts on food during internment, Peter Roell stated: "I caught and sold rats weighing three ounces for 3½ guilders (about \$1.75 each). Yes, I ate about 60 rats. They tasted like duck." After a few months rest, Mr. Roell, who has been demobilized from the Dutch army, expects to return with his wife to the plantation in Sumatra, leaving the children at school in Canada.



**WILL GUIDE OWN DAUGHTER IN FILM CHOICE**—Jane Wyman, film actress, is shown here with her daughter, Nancy, whom she says is being introduced to the movies gradually, even though her parents, Ronald Reagan and Jane, are engaged in the manufacture of Hollywood pictures. Queried in regard to pictures her daughter will be allowed to see, Jane stated she will help her choose them, but "there'll be no 'forbidden fruit' business in my home."

# Civil Aviation Agreement Signed By United Kingdom And U.S. For Expansion Of World Air Traffic

LONDON commentators observe that the Civil Aviation Agreement between Britain and the United States signed at Bermuda on the 11th of February is regarded in competent United Kingdom quarters as providing for Anglo-American co-operation and friendly competition in the expansion of world civil air traffic on terms which afford Britain, and the United States the highest possible common measure of mutual satisfaction.

The Agreement reconciles the different lines of approach by which the United Kingdom and United States Governments had been actuated in their Civil Aviation policy before the Bermuda Conference and which served as directives to their delegations when they sat down at the Conference table in Bermuda on the 15th of January.

These two concepts were defined by the United Kingdom Minister of Civil Aviation, Lord Winstanley, in the House of Lords on the 12th February as follows: Britain desired to ensure that international air services were developed on an orderly basis, which would eliminate wasteful competition and uneconomic subsidies. The United States desired to avoid regulation which might be construed as restrictive on expanding the potentialities of air traffic to the full extent, starting from the principle that it is essential to stimulate air travel at economic rates and that the air carriers of Britain and the United States should have fair and equal opportunity to operate between their two territories, maintaining facilities supplied to public needs. The Bermuda Conference worked out agreements on the three cardinal questions of rates, frequencies and fifth freedom rights.

Firstly, rates. It is agreed that rates shall be controlled to prevent undercutting. Undercutting leads inevitably either to lowering of the quality of service or to "subsidy wars". All fares of airlines operating to Britain and the United States will be subject to mutual agreement. The United States will for the first year recognize the International Air Traffic Association, which represents the operators, as a rate fixing body. Meanwhile, the American Civil Aeronautics Board will seek powers from Congress to control air rates in the future. This, it is pointed out in London, is a considerable advance on the position taken by the United States right up to the Bermuda Conference.

Secondly, frequencies. The Agreement recognizes the freedom of each country to determine the frequency of operations of its own airlines. But—and this is an important qualification—it is agreed that the capacity of traffic to be operated on given routes shall be closely related to the amount of traffic. And to preserve this relationship, the volume of traffic will be brought under constant review jointly by the Ministry of Civil Aviation and Civil Aeronautics Board.

Thirdly, the fifth freedom rights—the right to carry traffic picked up at intermediate stages on international trunk routes. This right is recognized under the Agreement, but it is laid down that the enjoyment of the fifth freedom rights must correspond to the dictates of economy and to two basic requirements. These are, traffic requirements between two terminals of trunk routes and traffic requirements of intermediate areas. In the latter connection it is agreed that due account must be paid to local and regional services.

Finally, it is agreed that any dispute between the United Kingdom and United States Governments about the interpretation of the Bermuda Agreement shall be referred to the Provisional International Civil Aviation Organization (P.I.C.A.O.) for an Advisory Report.

In addition, opportunity was taken in Bermuda to discuss arrangements for turning over to civil use air bases in the Western Hemisphere leased by Britain to the United States for military purposes during the war. Tentative agreement was reached, subject to the approval of the United Kingdom and United States Governments, by which the leased bases at Bermuda and Antigua, St. Lucia and British Guiana will be opened for full civil use, while similar airfields in Trinidad and Jamaica will be made available for civil use as bad weather alternates to existing civil airports. The United States Government has stipulated that its final approval of this agreement concerning air bases in the West Indies is conditional upon the conclusion of a satisfactory agreement covering air bases in Labrador and Newfoundland. Such an agreement necessitates discussions between the United States, Canadian and Newfoundland Governments.

To sum up, it is emphasized in London that the policy agreed upon at Bermuda is a policy of ordered freedom through co-operation. Both sides made concessions showing readiness to depart from the rigid orthodoxy of their respective beliefs. The Agreement is, however, a vital link in the chain of Anglo-American freedom co-operation which is being forged over a wide field.

Lord Winstanley justified in declaring in the House of Lords on the 12th of February: "I cordially welcome the Agreements, which go

far to resolve many points about which this country and the United States were previously in disagreement."

Sir Henry Self, Head of the United Kingdom Delegation, speaking at the ceremony of signature in Bermuda, looked forward to "a vast expansion of air services in conditions which will serve the public interest and in which British and American airlines will be in friendly competition."

Mr. George Baker, Head of the United States Delegation said: "I believe that the co-operation begun here augurs well for the future of civil aviation between our two Nations, and we hope for the development of civil aviation throughout the world."

## Faster Than Sound

World Promised Airplane To Travel Thousand Miles An Hour

Thousand-mile-an-hour airplanes will be annihilating distance by or before 1950, reducing the travelling time between New York and London to a mere 2½ hours.

That is the promise of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the U.S. Government's organization for aviation research.

The committee opened its laboratories at Langley Field, Va., for the first time in six years to members of the Aviation Writers' Association. This invasion of the super-sound speed range faster than the speed of sound will bring radical changes in the design of planes to reduce drag.

The wings of the 1,000-mile-an-hour plane, for instance, will sweep back from the fuselage at a forty-five-degree angle, making them V-shaped.

In wind tunnel tests speeds up to 1,400 miles an hour have been attained.

The N.A.C.A. opened its fantastic layout of 23 wind tunnels, 13 laboratories and numerous shops.

These tunnels range from the enormous, full-scale tunnel, which simulates actual aircraft, up to medium-sized attack bombers, are used, to the small supersonic tunnel, where models are tested at 1.2 and 2.5 times the speed of sound.

Then there is the 2,900-foot-long tank for testing seaplanes and another smaller tank where three-foot waves are produced for impact tests.

Many of the tunnels are devoted to the improvement of safety factors. Design changes resulting from these tests have saved many a model before it went into production.

During the war the N.A.C.A. was wholly occupied in developing the fastest and best military planes from its backlog of research.

Inevitably construction caught up with research.

Now, fundamental research is being done by the military engineer or scientist will admit that there is any limit to the speeds that can be attained.

The manufacture of dyes from coal tar originated in England.

LOOK WHO'S ASKIN'



—Talbut in the New York World Telegram.

## Aid To Biologists

New Type Violet Ray Microscope Demonstrated At Moscow

A new ultra-violet ray microscope which makes it possible to detect the minutest organisms and observe their reactions under different conditions was demonstrated to Soviet scientists meeting at the Soviet Academy of Sciences in Moscow.

An improved electron microscope also was shown.

Living tissues, substances colorless to the human eye, and undyed chemical substances are revealed in different colors under the ultra-violet ray microscope, making it possible to detect their presence in any preparation.

A report on it says: "It is particularly valuable for biologists, who will be able to use it to delve into the tiniest organisms and observe the changes taking place in cells under various conditions. All these processes will be revealed by instantaneous changes in color under the microscope."

"When an electron microscope is used to study bacteria the electron stream kills them immediately. Under ultra-violet rays, however, they can live for an appreciable space of time, giving biologists an unprecedented opportunity to observe the changes that take place in tissues on the borderline between life and death."

"Metallographers and mineralogists most likely will be able to make extensive use of the new microscope in studying chemical reactions."

## STATION HAS BIBLE

Travellers entering the waiting room of the Southern Railway station at Sandhurst, in Surrey, will find a large Bible on the book-rest over the fireplace.

On the fly-leaf is written: Presented by two frequent travellers from this station with the hope that its message may help other travellers on life's journey.

## GOING MODERN

Gibraltar residents shortly will become liable to income tax for the first time in the 242 years during which "the rock" has been under British rule.

## Boon To Navigators

Recent Test Proves Radiolocation Would Be Effective In Open Sea

Obviously there are many valuable uses for radiolocation in peacetime, and one of them is navigation at sea. The British Admiralty carried out a very interesting experiment last Friday, which was a very foggy day, when the radar-equipped ship Pollux was successfully sailed along the Thames without mishap.

The Thames is a tortuous river, even between London and the North Sea 60 miles away, and many ships are anchored in mid-channel. But the Pollux was navigated without bumping a single ship in weather that ordinarily would have held up shipping.

The radar device is affixed on the bridge or in the chart house below and is effective to a range of 20 miles. There are very few controls required to operate the set and no special radar expert is required to handle it. A panel records every word of the way, including the buoy marking the navigation channel and also outlines the coast on both sides.

While this experiment was made in a narrow waterway it showed that a radar would be effective in the open sea. Icebergs would be revealed within a range of 20 miles. Had radar been available in 1912 the Titanic would not have been sunk by a berg on her maiden voyage.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## AIR RAID STORY

During an air raid a policeman plunged into the ruins of a house to rescue someone trapped in the basement and after a short time managed to crawl out with his man. He was covered in mud, grease, and plaster.

"Gosh," said an A.R.P. man, going to his assistance, "you are in a mess!"

"Yes," drawled the policeman, "that's the worst of navy blue—it shows every little stain."

Cockroaches will eat practically anything, including paint, and like it.

The earliest record of an "April Fools Day" was in England in 1713.

# Most Helpful Ally Yet Found In The Battle Against Weeds Is A New Chemical Discovery

WHAT George Knowles, Weed Control Expert, Field Husbandry Division, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, believes is the most helpful ally yet discovered in the battle against weeds, is a new chemical known as 2-4-D, which is a contraction of 2-4 dichlorophenoxyacetic acid. His belief follows the encouraging results of a series of elaborate experiments carried on in Ottawa and at several other Dominion Experimental Farms in co-operation with 13 north central states of the United States.

In Ottawa the experiments disclosed that one application of the powerful new chemical, which the manufacturers say will be on sale in quantities in Canada early in the spring, will kill many weeds, more effectively than any other chemical. It will also kill dandelions and most other weeds found in lawns, without injury to the grass. It does, however, temporarily eliminate clover, but the clover gradually grows again without re-seeding.

While 2-4-D, when used on Canada Thistle in grain crops, did not completely kill the vigorous weed, it was so badly set back that it did not reappear until nearly harvest time and then only in the form of young shoots. Practically the same results were obtained on field bindweed growing in a field of oats. Just how many applications of 2-4-D will be required to spell sure and certain death to Canada Thistle and field bindweed in grain crops is yet to be determined.

When annual weeds, such as mustard, lamb's quarters, and red root are sprayed with the new weed killer, they are blotted out as completely as Hiroshima was by the Atomic bomb. As an example of this, Mr. Knowles says a dense growth of mustard growing in an acre of grain was eliminated by one spraying of 120 gallons of liquid that contains less than three-quarters of a pound of one of the preparations containing 2-4-D. Amazingly the new devastating weed killer does not perceptibly injury to plants of the grass family, which includes wheat, oats, barley and rye. But if 2-4-D is used on a lawn around a flower garden, Mr. Knowles advises the exercise of considerable care or some cherished plants may be damaged. He says he still means to learn about the new wonder weed killer.

Discovery of 2-4-D was made by a group of scientists in the United States in 1943 while experimenting with hormones or growth stimulants. Over-stimulation it was found, killed some plants, one of which was field bindweed. The news of what 2-4-D did to bindweed caused great interest among agricultural scientists everywhere and plans to carry on experiments on other weeds have since been carried out at several points in Canada and the United States.

If additional experiments with 2-4-D give as encouraging results as those which have already been disclosed farmers may be able to wage more successful war against weeds, which cost them many millions of dollars annually.

## SOUNDS FRIENDLY

Complaints that the British civil service was too remote from the public have produced results. Ministers who have been giving "how to be human" talks to their staffs and officials in government departments now will answer replies from the public: "Dear Mr. Smith, I am glad to tell you . . . 'Instead of 'dear sir, I am directed by the minister . . ."

To Feel Right — Eat Right!

## Japanese 'Rockets'

Why Promoters Get Rich-Quick Scheme Did Not Last

Convinced Japanese are busy cooking up rockets to trim their more glibly countrymen and American soldiers, but the occupation army is giving them a rough time.

Army intelligence operatives in Kumamoto prefecture discovered that why promoters of one get-rich-quick scheme were trying to corner all available swords, sabres, pistols and rifles.

The promoters told the Japanese residents something like this: "Now, look, Yimura San. You have a sword but no money. Get buy sword today for 2,000 yen (\$133). Swords are getting scarce. You put sword in our 'bank'. Pretty soon comes a war. If you sell for 3,000 yen (\$200). Make sense?"

Kumamoto folks thought it did and they trotted in with their weapons—15,464 swords and sabres, 4,325 rifles and pistols.

Intelligence men investigated reports of an "arsenal" and decided the whole thing was non-military because the promoters had neither ammunition nor hostile intention—just a bull market.

The monopoly was dissolved and the "deposits" were collected by Japanese police.

## Glamour For You



by Alice Brooks

"Hearts and Flowers" is the gay theme of this adorable apron for you or your sister. Applique heart border; embroider gay flowers!

Make pretty hostess apron with or without heart bib top. Pattern 7458 has transfer of embroidery, needed pattern parts; directions.

To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your Name, Address and Pattern Number.

## Fingerprints By Radio

New Method Is One Of The Greatest Ever Made

Once again the international war on crime has taken a decisive step forward by Scotland Yard, the world-famous London police headquarters. In order to prosecute a criminal Scotland Yard transmitted a fingerprint by wireless from London to Melbourne. The transmission, carried out by cable and wireless, took only seven minutes. Within 24 hours Scotland Yard received confirmation that the Melbourne police had been able to identify the criminal with the aid of the wireless fingerprint. Experiments of this kind were carried out as early as 1908 but were interrupted by World War. It is stated that Scotland Yard intends to hold conferences in the near future with representatives of police forces throughout the world in order to turn the international value of this revolutionary advance to the best advantage. Criminologists praise the new methods as one of the greatest advances ever made.

From 30,000 to 35,000 board feet of lumber, depending on weight, bulk and measurement may be loaded into a box car. 2661

## CANADIAN'S ASHES REST IN HIS SHRINE



The ashes of an unknown Canadian soldier, rescued from a shattered and burnt-out tank by Maj. Rev. Robert Currie Creelman, recently returned padre of the Presbyterian church at Weston, Ont., are now resting in his church and may become the central symbol in a national memorial to Cana-

dia's dead of world war II. A national memorial chapel and a tomb to hold the ashes of an Unknown Soldier as a memorial is the ambition of Rev. Creelman. Above is a picture of the Presbyterian Church at Weston, Ontario.



## CANADA'S PART IN MAINTAINING WORLD PEACE AND SECURITY

Contribution To The International Military Force Being Planned  
(By Ross Munro)

By next summer Canada probably will know what her contribution will be to the international military force of the United Nations in troops, assistance and facilities, including rights of passage, for maintaining world peace and security.

While no proposition has yet been put to Canada, and none is likely to be made for several months, it is assumed in London that an air-landing brigade group of 10,000 men planned for the post-war army will bulk large in any calculation.

The question is one for the military staff committee of the United Nations Security Council. This body is composed of the Chiefs of Staff—or their representatives—of Britain, the United States, Russia, France and China. It now is meeting in London for the first time and it will recommend to the Council what arrangements should be reached with United Nations countries regarding their contributions to the world force.

The charter calls for these agreements to be negotiated "as far as possible" but it probably will take two or three months for the military staff committee to draw up its international "order of battle" which will be the basis for negotiations.

The agreements reached will govern the numbers and types of forces, as well as the degree of readiness and general location. It is assumed in London that in the initial stages at any rate the Canadian force will be stationed in the Dominion, subject to any calls the Security Council might make on it in the event of international military action.

In addition to any army force, Canada also probably will be asked to earmark some naval and air force units for employment, if necessary, by the Security Council. The Charter lays down that members shall hold immediately available national air force contingents for combined international enforcement action. This would enable the United Nations to take urgent military measures.

The Canadian delegation is keeping an eye on developments in the military staff committee and Canadian military headquarters are prepared to do any liaison work necessary when discussions reach the point where the committee knows what it wants from Canada and other countries.

## Attractive Furniture

Made By African Craftsmen Of The Gold Coast

Some of the most attractive furniture seen in Britain since the war will soon be given to bombed-out families as presents from members of the timber industry in the Gold Coast.

Made by African craftsmen in the Colony, the pieces are being assembled into well-made and beautiful pieces of furniture of a type familiar in the country might be proud. One small batch has already been completed and is ready for distribution. It is to be given to families of the People's Homes. Later consignments arriving in England will be distributed where they are needed.

The Gold Coast is remarkable for the many and beautiful woods which grow in the vast rain forests there. Some of the woods are kinds of mahogany; others have curious names, such as Obecbe and Sapeltu, two of the most beautiful—and Odum, Baku, and Emere.

These have been made into tables, sideboards, bedsteads, bookcases, and chairs.

## Search Rewarded

Parliamentary Librarian At Ottawa Located Book After 27 Years

F. A. Hardy, quiet-spoken chief Parliamentary Librarian at Ottawa, and his staff are just as persistent in getting their books as the red-coated Mounties at the Parliamentary doors are in getting their men. The longest they've had to wait to track down a borrowed book has been 27 years. A certain member preparing a speech on divorce legislation in 1919, borrowed a semi-legal, semi-fictional tome called "Married". The book was not returned and the library staff started an investigation. The other day they got the book from the former member's estate. The Parliamentary Library has no system of fines.

## LANGUAGES AND DIALECTS

Men today use almost 3,500 languages and dialects. There are 800 separate modes of speech in Africa, 150 in India, 87 in the Philippine Islands, 46 in Europe, and 42 languages are heard on the streets of Jerusalem. The growth of the English language is remarkable. A hundred years ago we were told that it was spoken by 20,000,000 people. Today it is the language of 200,000,000, and with 60,000,000 who are able to use it sufficiently for business purposes, some believe that English holds fair to become the universal speech.

Helium is the hardest gas to isolate. It can't be seen, tasted or smelled.

## Large Windmills

Britain Has About 5,000 Which Are Fitted With Sails

There is a widespread belief that Holland is "the land of windmills." Indeed, it has been called that, and windmills are commonly included in photographs and paintings of Dutch scenery.

Many people would be surprised to learn that there are 800 more home-to-goodness windmills in Britain than there are in Holland—2,000 of them altogether. With the new demand for wholesome bread, the ancient windmill is coming into its own again. Mills that have not been used for generations, but have just been left standing and neglected for the sake of picturesque appearance, are being repaired and brought into use. The oldest windmill in the country at Buratow, Surrey, was erected in 1655, and is still grinding wheat at the old stand.

There is a vast number of windmills in Canada and the United States, the small, ring type chiefly used for raising water, but the type of windmill we refer to in Britain is a huge structure having five or six arms 20 to 30 feet in length, carrying sails to catch the wind. In a good breeze they whirl around at a formidable rate.

The boom in wholesome bread causes the windmill comeback. White flour is a job for power-driven roller mills, but cutting and grinding the whole berry produces the best wholemeal.

These big mills have many other uses. In Norfolk, England, during the war, 50 of them produced power to help the land girls drain reclaimed areas. Others ground feed and sawed wood, and many even produced electric power for rural workshops making war materials, and now pre-fabricated houses.

During the past few decades a number of old windmills were bought by city dwellers and converted into picturesque summer homes. One has been turned into a lighthouse, another into a library and another into a church, and still another one has become part of a wayside railway station.—St. Thomas Times-Journal.

## Fiction In Real Life

Creator Of The Scarlet Pimpernel Had A Trying Experience

Back in her secluded country home at Henley-on-Thames is the creator of the Scarlet Pimpernel, Baroness Orczy, now in her late seventies, after a five-year ordeal that paralleled the wildest adventures of her fictional hero.

She was domiciled at a villa in Monte Carlo; directly next door to where the Gestapo headquarters were set up. Day after day she watched the motorcyclists and men in sleek, black Mercedes-Benz limousines dash out one hour and return the next, dragging some unfortunate wretch for questioning or worse—just such civilians as those whom the Pimpernel snatched from the Bastille and the Conciergerie. The aging Baroness, helpless but unafraid, held her ground, and occasionally was able to help prisoners fortunate enough to be released.

Just as it was becoming intolerable, two things happened: The Nazis came out, and, just before the town's liberation, an RAF bomb, intended for the Nazi HQ, made a direct hit on the Orczy villa. The Baroness pulled herself unharmed out of the wreckage, and came home to England as soon as she could negotiate the trip. "More Pimpernel stories?" she parried a reporter. "No, no. I will spend my last years in recollection of my own adventures!"—Dunedin Star in Saturday Review of Literature.

## Has Two Hearts

Strange Case Of A Soldier In Australia

A Queensland soldier of the AIF on Tarakan (Borneo) has been admitted to hospital with minor leg trouble and a heart affection. Not satisfied with his heart action, but unable to find an active symptom of heart trouble, a medical officer ordered an X-ray, which disclosed two hearts beating alternately.

A Brisbane heart specialist says the man will probably live to a ripe old age.

"His chance of dying with a broken heart, is two to one against, and that's important these days," he added.—Australian News Letter.

## MEANS SACRIFICE

The other evening, says Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, I went to a very pleasant dinner party in London, but I think Americans should realize how much normal life in Britain has changed and what it means when an English family gives a guest from overseas a dinner. Food being so strictly rationed, there cannot be any great extravagance, but, frequently, this one meal takes a whole week's ration of every member of the family.

## MOVE WAS BLOCKED

About 300 famine-stricken villagers near Ahmednagar in Bombay province, India, were held up for 16 hours and prevented wheat from a government grain store being removed for distribution elsewhere. The bags had been loaded on to a truck. They were put back into the store.

## Couple Of Amateurs Build "Dream Home" In Niagara Falls, Ont.



Unable to get a contractor to do the job, Mr. and Mrs. C. Norman Simpson, young couple of Niagara Falls, Ont., went ahead and built a home by their own hands. Both graduates of Queen's University, neither had any skill in carpentering or plumbing when they started. Located on three acres, they have plenty of room. Material shortages didn't present too much of a problem to the amateur homebuilders. They went to the source of supply to pick up their lumber and other necessities. Six weeks after the foundation was put in the couple were living in their frame cottage.



Up under the eaves was about as high as Mrs. Simpson dared go, because she is not keen on working at heights. Slinging was done by her husband, a hydraulic engineer.

## Polar Ice

Antarctic Ice Cap Said To Be Two Miles Thick

The world's entire supply of uranium is not sufficient to manufacture enough atom bombs to blast away the Antarctic polar ice cap, according to Father Joseph J. Lynch, of Fordham University scientific laboratory.

Father Lynch's statement obviously referred to a suggestion recently made by Capt. Eddie Rickenbacker that the Antarctic might be opened to mining by blasting off the ice cap with atomic bombs.

## HOW DIMES GROW

For more than five years Juan Brabo, store operator in Waco, Texas, saved dimes, dropping them in old cardboard cans. Recently he took the cans—\$1,980.50 worth—and made a down payment on a site for a new store, which is to be a present for his son, Reuben Brabo, returning from army service.

## Pandas For London

This Fascinating Animal Will Be Seen Again At London Zoo

It is hoped that before long that fascinating animal curiosity, the Giant Panda, will be seen at the London Zoo. The last specimen there, Ming, died in December, 1944. She was the survivor of five which were brought to Britain in 1938.

The Giant Panda is one of the rarest animals in the world. Hunters are now at work in the wild wooded mountains between China and Tibet endeavoring to trap some for the London Zoo. The animal looks like a bear but is in reality halfway between a bear and a racoon. Nature designed the panda to eat meat, but it prefers the slender stems of bamboo.

The first suitable pandas caught in Tibet will be brought to Britain by plane.

Juneau, capital of Alaska, is the territory's largest city.

## Three Of Four Killed In Flash Fire At Napanee, Ont.



Twisted iron and wreckage are all that remains of the frame house at Napanee, Ont., in which four lost their lives. The bodies of Mrs. Agnes, 25, her father, Reginald Brown, and Ivan Weger, three, a granddaughter, Aileen Brown, 15 months, was the fourth victim. Before neighbors could do anything to help, the house was a mass of flames. Firemen could do nothing. William Burns, a neighbor, looks over the debris.

## Value Of Sharks

The Terrifying Denizen Of Tropical Waters Are Useful

Sharks are certainly very terrifying creatures, but they are also very useful.

A great many sharks are found in the Caribbean Sea, which has many warm currents, and fishermen in the West Indies are now being encouraged to catch them. The reason for this is that practically the whole of the shark is valuable. Its skin will make spectacle cases; the liver, like cod liver, produces oil which does us a great deal of good; shark fins are considered a great dietary, especially by the Chinese, who like them for soup and also from them make gelatine. The white meat, either fresh or salted, is a wholesome food for human beings, and the rest of the meat can be converted into animal food or useful fertilizer.

There are, of course, many kinds of sharks. Some are as much as forty feet long—more than half the length of a tennis court—but some varieties are much more valuable than others and fishermen have to learn which these are.

Shark-catching and marketing may be very useful to the West Indies. Formerly the people depended upon growing sugar-cane; but with increasing competition, and the greater use of beetroot sugar they could not sell their products. So Britain is now providing money to help to grow better crops and raise animals for their own needs and also to develop their fisheries, and the shark will help the people of the West Indies.

## Cannot Speak English

88,000 People In Wales Who Speak Only Welsh

It must be a strange experience for Englishmen to find themselves surrounded by the trust of true Britons who cannot speak any English. Yet that can happen in some parts of Wales where there are still about 88,000 people who speak only Welsh. The total population of Wales is about two and a half millions; of this number, besides the 88,000 mentioned, there are 811,000 who can speak both Welsh and English, and there are one and a half million Welshmen who cannot speak English.

The Ministry urges that all Welsh children should be encouraged to speak their ancient and beautiful tongue in which there is a wealth of literature. At the same time every Welsh child should receive an education that will enable him or her to earn a livelihood in any part of the country.

A non-ferrous metal is one not derived from iron.

## CANADIAN MILITARY HOSPITAL GIVEN OVER TO ENGLISH CIVILIANS

Most Up-To-Date Institution In Britain Presented As A Canadian War Memorial

TAPLOW, Bucks, England.—The long bright wards of the Canadian Military Hospital here are empty now but soon the spotless linen on the white beds will be turned back for the English civilians, who will find in their surroundings a constant reminder of Canada's war effort in this theatre.

In place of a sterile monument the hospital on Lord Aor's estate near here is being presented to the National Trust as a Canadian war memorial. With 600 beds and every piece of modern equipment imaginable, it probably is the most up-to-date institution of its kind in the United Kingdom.

Transfer of control to British authorities is expected to take place this autumn. Staff would remain uncertain when the first patients will arrive but when they do they will find themselves in a model of Canadian efficiency and cleanliness.

The hospital, built and equipped at a cost of \$2,000,000 by funds raised entirely by the Canadian Red Cross Society, was opened in July, 1940. Everything in it is Canadian.

A self-contained establishment, it is almost entirely on the home field. Its 15 main wards fitting out parallel to one another from the long body housing administration offices, kitchens, lounges, operating rooms, X-ray rooms, physiotherapy rooms and laboratory.

The last Canadian patient was removed Jan. 8, leaving a staff of 100 under Lieut.-Col. C. Rapp of Toronto to await the taking over by officials of the Nuffield Provincial Hospital Trust, which will administer the hospital until the National Trust can appoint an appropriate body.

Beds are arranged on the central heating plant keeps the building warmer than most English homes, so that, said Col. Rapp, "we could accommodate 600 persons on 24 hours' notice."

At the height of its operation the hospital required a staff of 300, including 35 medical officers and 90 nursing sisters. Wounded were brought from Western Europe by plane, some having been received less than 24 hours after they were wounded.

Three Canadian General Hospital units have been based at the hospital—Nos. 5, 6, 7 and No. 11, the latter moving in May 1, 1944, in time to prepare for the flow of casualties from the invasion landings. From its arrival until Jan. 1, 1946, No. 11 handled 11,000 admissions and performed 8,000 operations.

In donating the hospital Canadian authorities have asked that it be used primarily as a specialist hospital where research might be conducted particularly into cardiac rheumatism among children, a common disease in this area, a section at least will be made available to general use.

Gardens and lawns where Canadian soldiers sun-bathed during their recuperation surround the hospital and behind it lie woods through which paths lead to the Thames. Not far away is the historic mass of Cliveden house, of Lord and Lady Astor, whose estate in due course also will become the property of the National Trust.

## Have Joined Up

Canadian Japs Are Permitted To Join The Army

Sixteen British Columbia men of Japanese ancestry, many of whom tried vainly to enlist in the Canadian forces after they were evacuated in 1942 from the Pacific coast, now are at Camp Ontario, Bramshott, Hampshire, Eng., en route to Japan as sergeants of the Canadian Army Intelligence Corps.

At length permitted to join the army they enlisted last year in the different parts of Canada to which they had been transferred in the general movement of Japanese away from the west coast for security reasons.

The men, who underwent six weeks' training at Brantford, will go to the Hiroshima area to work as interpreters with the British occupation force.

## MAKING WAR CLAIMS

Ten war-ravaged countries have filed with the American Military Government 600 formal claims against Germany for restitution of looted property valued at several billion dollars. A.M.G. headquarters disclosed Sunday. These claims range from steam shovels and industrial machinery to prayerbooks and race horses. They are being sifted by expert teams.

One claim on Loew's and Loble plate covered with black paper overnight, and found it light-struck the next morning.

## DISCOVERED BY ACCIDENT

Radium was discovered accidentally. Henri Becquerel, friend of the late Madame Curie, was making a study of uranium when he happened to leave some of his photographic plate covered with black paper overnight, and found it light-struck the next morning.







**YOUR BREAD IS AMAZING**

**MY YEAST IS AMAZING!**



**ROYAL YEAST CAKES**

MADE IN CANADA

PURE, DEFENDABLE  
ROYAL ENSURES  
RICH-TASTING,  
EVEN-TEXTURED,  
SWEET, DELICIOUS  
BREAD

## OUR COMPLETE SHORT STORY— OFF THE BEAM

By MARION BAILEY

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BEAMER was a short, thickest little guy, with a weakness for talking tall; the minute he'd see a group of boys talking together he'd hot-foot it over and, placing a dirty hand on somebody's shoulder, he'd start off.

We met Beamer on the liner coming home. At the last moment he had been pushed in our group as a replacement. There were about two hundred of us en route home. Most of the men were quite a bit younger than Bill and I and hadn't seen much actual fighting, although they were with the group for quite some time. We were all feeling pretty good about getting home that is all except Beamer. All Beamer seemed to be interested in was trying to impress the younger lads with his accomplishments. To hear him talk anyone would think that he'd won the war single-handed.

Bill, my buddy, was easygoing but I could see Beamer was getting under his skin. "Ah, why don't you dry up," he said. "The war's over now, so why can't we forget about it?"

"I'm just making conversation, see," Beamer smirked. "We gotta make conversation, don't we?"

"Well, let's talk about something else," Bill suggested.

That seemed to hold him for a while, but the next morning when Bill and I went in forchow, old Beamer was dishing it out at his best. "There was hell of a lot of fighting going on that day," he was saying, "and the lousy sarge put me in a fox hole almost on top of the German front. Want't very long before I saw something moving in a shell hole not fifty yards away. Well, I watched that guy for quite a while. Beamer stopped for breath and looked around at his audience, to see how they were taking it in. "Well, as I was saying, I watch that guy for sometime. He would pop up and down like a slow motion jack-in-the-box trying to get the load down on our front. I already had my rifle over the edge and the next time that buzzard stuck his neck out I let him have it and ducked."

"Then hell broke loose. Bombs started flying backwards and forwards like tennis balls. Suddenly they stopped and you could have heard a pin drop and not a thing in sight but this Nazi's lid. Well, I thought I'd like to take a look at

the guy so I did a little snake manoeuvre over to the shell hole and dropped in. The guy was dead all right, he was deader than a doornail. Got him straight through his lungs. He's a basket case, what do you know? he had yellow hair, yep, yellow hair. He was young too, about 18. He'd been writing a letter, the letter was right there waiting to be put in the envelope. I took the letter and his gun and went back to my own post. I couldn't read the letter seeing I didn't know any German but I still got it. It's one letter some dame never got."

He reached in his pocket and brought out the letter triumphantly. It was just a small sheet of paper, grubby with handling. The younger men seemed much impressed. Beamer said: "Well, if he was writing some lousy to a dame, he sure picked a lousy spot to do it in." He began to laugh.

My stomach began to feel queer and I knew it wasn't from the roll of the ship; I'd been through all that. I looked over at Bill, he was on his feet staring at Beamer like he was going to punch him in the nose. He leaned over the table toward Beamer and put his hand out. "Do you mind, Beamer," he said, "if I read the letter?"

"Sure," Beamer said, handing the letter to Bill. "Maybe we'll get a laugh out of it."

Bill took the letter, looked at it for a moment, then began to read it out loud.

"July 4th. Dearest, (Bill began

slowly). I'm in a shell hole close to the front. Close by is my enemy. I could have killed him many times in the past hour because he is not a very smart enemy; he leaves himself open to invitation. But I do not want to kill him; I do not want to kill any man. I am tired of this thing. I am going to let him live. I do not understand the reason for war. I am fighting. This will be my last letter, dearest, because I have decided I am going to die. In a few moments I shall advance towards my enemy hoping this time he will not miss. Forgive me and goodbye."

When Bill finished all eyes turned towards Beamer. He had gone a purplish red. He stood up and reached across the table, grabbed the letter from Bill's hand and scrambled.

For a while we were all quiet. Suddenly it struck me. I started to laugh. "Say, Bill, I didn't know you could read German."

"I can't," Bill said, reaching for the salt. "I just thought I'd teach that bird a lesson."

Illustrated by MARION BAILEY

"It's one letter some dame never got."

None spoke favorably of the use of an opaque bottle or other receptacle for delivery of milk to consumers, although green or other colored glass would avert the destructive effect of the sun's rays, destroying vitamin B2 and causing milk to sour quickly. One dairymen recalled that years ago the late Dr. Charles H. Hings, M.D., declared that the clear glass bottle, permitting the buyer to see what he was getting was best.

## SELECTED RECIPES

### OPEN SEASON FOR HOT DESSERTS

Cooks, unlike hunters and fishermen, are not required to observe "open" or "closed" seasons, but tastes vary with the temperature and cold weather appetites combine with tradition to set up a series of "seasons" for our favorite foods.

So now puddings, plump and proud, return to the tables, steamers and pots and pans for sauces emerge from the cupboard; now-wriggling aromas wait in from the kitchen and the last course of the meal is circled with wisps of steam. Yes, it's pudding time. It's sauce time. It's hot pie and gingerbread time. It's time for hot desserts!

Main courses may be lighter when desserts are hot and hearty, and by the same token, the size of the dessert serving may be more frugal when it is topped with a hot, spicy sauce.

**Jifty Minicement Pudding**

2 cups prepared minicement  
1/2 cup of brown sugar (\*)  
2 tablespoons flour  
1/4 teaspoon cinnamon  
1/2 cup butter  
1 1/2 cups all-wheat flakes

Spread minicement in greased pan. Combine sugar, flour and cinnamon. Blend butter and sugar mixture; mix with cereal. Crumble over minicement. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees F.) about 20 minutes. Serve warm with cream, if desired.

Yield: 6-8 servings (8x8x2-inch pan).

(\*) Sugar may be increased or decreased depending on sweetness of minicement.

Bequerel discovered radio-activity in 1896 when some photographic film was blackened accidentally by uranium minerals.



**WE'RE POINTING  
STRAIGHT AT YOU  
IF YOU WANT FAST  
RELIEF FROM A  
Cough-Cold**

Here's what to do. Get a bottle of BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE. It's the only effective action spread through throat, head and bronchial tubes. It acts of once to loosen up the chest phlegm, ease the cough, soothe the raw irritated membranes of throat and upper bronchial tract. Don't take chances—take BUCKLEY'S, Canada's largest selling cough and cold remedy. It's different—It's all medication—no syrup—acts faster—goes farther.

## BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE'S

### Prove Satisfactory

Square Milk Bottles Sold To Save Much Storage Space

Square milk bottles may come into use within a few months. Some of the largest dairies in Ontario have the change under consideration. Milk producers and dairy managers say that at least 25 per cent. will be added to refrigeration and storage space by changing the round bottle for the square shape. Square bottles have been in use in Buffalo and in other American cities for some time, and they have been tried out in some Ontario dairies with satisfactory results.

None spoke favorably of the use of an opaque bottle or other receptacle for delivery of milk to consumers, although green or other colored glass would avert the destructive effect of the sun's rays, destroying vitamin B2 and causing milk to sour quickly. One dairymen recalled that years ago the late Dr. Charles H. Hings, M.D., declared that the clear glass bottle, permitting the buyer to see what he was getting was best.

## Giant Fig Tree

### Instructions in Will Of Owner

Protect It From Destruction

A giant fig tree in the Mullumbimby district of New South Wales must never be destroyed, according to a direction in the will of the late J. T. Gray, former owner of the property on which the tree stands.

The tree, a link with the historic pioneering days, is found in about an eighth of an acre of valuable land at the foot of a 4 1/2 acre patch of bananas. Present holder of the banana plantation paid \$3,364 for a six-year lease with option of renewal for a further five years. This is probably a record figure for the Commonwealth.

### To Feel Right — Eat Right!

How to Combat RHEUMATIC PAIN

Rheumatic pains may often be caused by excess uric acid, a waste product of the body. It should be excreted by the kidneys. If kidneys fail, and excess uric acid remains, it may cause severe discomfort and pain. Treat rheumatic pain by keeping your kidneys in good condition. Get and use Dad's Kidney Pills. Dad's help your kidneys get rid of trouble-making poisons and excess acids—help you feel better. See what Dad's can do for you. 137



**WOMAN'S BODY UNDER TRUCK FOR SEVEN HOURS**—Seven hours after she was killed, a woman, believed to be Mrs. Viola Hill, of Brangely, Ont., was taken from beneath this transport truck. The body had lain in three feet of water in a ditch near Caledon, awaiting arrival of equipment from Toronto. She was reportedly helping the driver of one truck flag another on the slippery hill.

## SIFT THE EVIDENCE

Public Deluged By Opinions On Many Matters Of Public Interest

In reading news headlines or listening to radio newscasts, the public should "listen for the sound of axes being ground." Hon. Ray Atterton, United States Ambassador to Canada, said in an address before the annual banquet of the Ottawa Medical-Chirurgical Society.

He deplored the fact the public was "deluged with opinions" by "authorities" in the form of radio commentators and columnists. "We can't all be great individual thinkers, but by asking 'How do I know that?' or 'What evidence have I seen, read or heard about that?' we can strengthen that self-reliance that has been the keystone of our democracy," Mr. Atterton said.

In medicine, "too often the public is fired with excitement over some new drug or medical technique long before the profession accepts it." The same situation often arose in social, political and economic fields.

News headlines should be treated with the same critical analysis people learned to apply to reports of impending disaster during the war. "We can follow a simple rule. We can aim at gradual improvements of our most square," said a correspondent.

Mr. Atterton paid a tribute to Rt. Hon. Malcolm MacDonald, retiring British High Commissioner to Canada. During the war, he had "so thoroughly proved his worth to all people with whom he came in contact that no words can add to the monument he has built in all our minds."

## SMILE AWHILE

When your son has completed his studies, what will he be?

"Oh, about 28 years of age, I should think."

"Never waste household scraps," says a wartime economy hint.

Agree. Open the windows and let the neighbors hear.

"What can I grow in a garden 30 feet square?" asks a correspondent. Very, very tired.

"Isn't your friend Clark pretty slow?"

"I should say not. It took him four hours to drive his new girl friend 15 miles home from a dance last night."

The moving picture usherette was in the dentist's chair.

"Now, miss," asked the dentist, "which tooth is giving you all the trouble?"

"Second from the left in the balcony," she replied.

"Define 'appetite,'" requested the instructor in an English school. "When you're eating you're 'appy,' announced the student; "and when you're through you're 'light, that's 'appetite.'"

The glamorous blonde was about to undergo an operation.

"Tell me, doctor," she gasped, "how long will it be after the operation before I know something?"

"You mustn't expect too much from an operation," replied the doctor.

"I had an awful headache last night."

"Yes, I saw you with her."

"Since I got a girl I can't eat. I can't drink. I can't smoke."

"I'm broke."

"Will you stop drinking for me?"


"Who said I was drinking for you?"

Employer (interviewing applicant for job): "Know anything about electricity?"

"Yes sir."

"What's an armature?"

"A chap who boxes for nothing!"



## IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

### Discontinuance of Overseas Tobacco Gift Plan

The Tobacco Gift Plan whereby **BRITISH CONSOLS AND EXPORT CIGARETTES** and Tobacco parcels can be sent to the Armed Forces overseas will be discontinued from the 28th February, 1946. After this date no further orders can be accepted by W. C. MacDonald Inc.

Members of the Canadian Armed Forces still serving overseas are assured of an adequate supply of cigarettes as they will still be able to purchase **BRITISH CONSOLS AND EXPORT CIGARETTES** from No. 2 Canadian Tobacco Depot, London, England in the same way as they have been doing up to the present time and at the same prices as through the Gift Plan.

## OVERSEAS DEPARTMENT

### W. C. MACDONALD Incorporated

Montreal, Que. 76, February 1946

## Getting Serious

### Breakage in Marketing Eggs Is Causing Heavy Loss

Breakage is the greatest single cause of loss in marketing eggs in Canada. Greater shell strength is needed. It is not a matter only of the loss on the cracked or broken eggs themselves but the loss in value of other eggs and packing material through smearing. There is also the unknown loss at point of production, in the nests, in gathering, and in handling on the farm, and in the consumer's homes, according to a survey made by the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

It is not a question of whether egg shells are weaker now than before the war, but just a plain statement of fact that present egg shells are not sufficiently strong to withstand the hazards of transportation.

Trains are heavier, jolts are more severe, and handling less careful. Something has to be done now to improve shell strength. Selection, breeding, feeding can all be brought to bear. It is something in which all phases of the industry can take part. Eggs with thin porous shells should not be used for setting, the department advises in a recent release.—Fort William Times-Journal.

## Fiery, Itching Toes and Feet

Here is a clean, stainless antiseptic oil that will do more to help you get rid of your trouble than anything you've ever used.

It's action is so powerfully penetrating that the itching is quickly stopped; and the risk of that boiling, burning, sore, fiery itching. The same is true of other irritating unsightly skin troubles.

You can obtain Moore's Emerald Oil in the original bottle at any modern drug store. It is safe to use—and failure in any of the above noted ailments is included.

## Tuberculosis Fight

### Another Step Is Taken In The Fight To Find A Cure

"Another step in the hunt for a weapon against tuberculosis is described in Science, official journal of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Doctors Isadore E. Gerber and Milton Gross of the Hudson County tuberculosis hospital at Jersey City report that a mould-derived substance they called "mycoicidin" had rendered active tuberculosis germs from human beings powerless to produce the disease in guinea pigs.

The doctors offered no statements as to any possibilities of using the substance in the treatment of tuberculosis in human beings. They said they still are working toward isolating and purifying the "active principle."

Dr. Eugene Gillespie of the U.S. Public Health Service, an authority on tuberculosis, told a reporter that "mycoicidin" probably is similar in nature to "streptomycin," another mould-derived substance that has proved effective against tuberculosis germs in test tubes and animals.

## To Be Restored

### Historic Sundials Were Bombed To Avoid Damage By Remnants

Sixteenth century sundials, restored during air raids from the stately gardens of Hampton Court Palace, are to be restored.

Sundials were the official timekeepers when Henry VIII resided at the Palace. They were moved in 1840 because of the danger that bomb blast might bend the iron indicator, displacing the time "shadow". Though bombs crashed around the palace boundaries, the massive stone architecture bears few scars. Of particular interest to tourists is a grape vine, 700 years old, which continues to bear fruit each year within a steam-heated greenhouse.

Buy War Savings Stamps regularly.

## Long Service

### Commissioner A. N. Eames Retiring After 33 Years With R.C.M.P.

The man who led a 40-day chase of the "mad trapper of Rat River" over the snow-capped Rockies and across the frozen Arctic, assistant Commissioner A. N. Eames, officer commanding "H" division of the R.C.M.P., is retiring after 33 years' service with the force.

While in command of the R.C.M.P. post in Herschel Island, north of the Arctic circle, he personally undertook the command of the R.C.M.P. and civilian patrol which hunted down the Alaskan desperado Albert Johnson over a 300-mile chase from Rat River to Eagle River in the Yukon, where the "mad trapper" met his death in a gunfight with his pursuers.

## Daintily Demure



## By ANNE ADAMS

Fairy-tale frock! Pattern 4564 may be made for playtime with a collar, puff sleeves, embroidery; for parties with lower neck, shoulder ruffles. Lace edging optional. Pattern 4564 comes in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8. Size 6, 2 1/2 yards 36-inch. Embroidery transfer included. Send twenty cents (20c) in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) for this pattern. Write plainly Size Name, Address and Style Number and send orders to the Anne Adams Pattern Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave. E., Winnipeg, Man.

## TO HELP FARMERS

Mobile cinema units of the Kenya government will shortly begin to show in the colony's villages a color film demonstrating modern agricultural methods. At every showing specially trained Africans will give a running commentary in the language of the district.

Pat on

## SLOAN'S LINIMENT

for FASTER relief from aches!

**Head Colds**

Memorandum quickly relieved head colds, checked now, or colds, sore throats, tried membranes, ears and tubes, 50c.

**CHECK SHIPPLING**

**MENTHOLATUM**

Great Comfort Only

**Crossfield Chronicle**  
— Crossfield, Alberta  
Published every Friday afternoon.  
Subscription Rates: \$1.50 per year; 50¢  
extra to the United States.  
Classified Advertising: 7¢ per line, 10¢  
per line, 50¢ for first insertion; 25¢  
additional insertion; 4 insertions  
for \$1.00.



MAKE IT—

Nielsen's Chicks

FOR 1946  
at the

**Nielsen Hatchery**  
OLDS  
Specializing in R.O.P. Sired  
Barred Rocks.

## ATTENTION STOCKMEN!

WE ARE PREPARED TO TREAT  
YOUR CATTLE FOR WARBLES  
NOW. ANYONE INTERESTED  
COMMUNICATE WITH F. C. GOD-  
DARD, WHO WILL ARRANGE  
AN ITINERARY IF A SUFFICIENT  
NUMBER SO DESIRE THE  
TREATMENT FOR THEIR STOCK.  
Write —

F. C. GODDARD  
Box 234, Olds or Phone R2412, Olds

## Jobs Follow Organization

### But Employers and Workers Must Assist

During the war organization of manpower  
was made possible through co-operation of  
employers and workers.

This co-operation is no less necessary to  
assist in organizing the employment market  
during the present critical period.

Some manpower controls still remain.  
These are still law. They are aimed at assisting  
in organizing the employment market.  
Remaining controls are designed to help  
employers and workers—and actually require  
only minor assistance from the public.

### YOU ARE URGED TO COMPLY WITH THE FOUR CONTROLS WHICH REMAIN:

- 1—Employers MUST notify the National Employment Office of any need for workers, as soon as that need is known.
- 2—Where employers engage workers outside the National Employment Service they MUST notify the nearest NES Office within three days, that an employee has been engaged. (Form NSS 312 is provided for this purpose.)
- 3—Unemployed workers seeking employment MUST register with the National Employment Office if unemployed for seven consecutive days.
- 4—Generally speaking, any employer or employee MUST give seven days' notice to the other party of any intention to terminate employment. (Form NSS 120 is still required.) Exceptions may be learned from the nearest NES Office.

The partners to industry—employers and employees—should help the National Employment Service to promote a high level of employment by complying with these simple rules.

Only with public support can an employment service give full assistance to the community.

Make full use of the Local Office of the National Employment Service. It is there to serve your needs, and those of the entire Community.



**NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT SERVICE**  
Dominion Labour Department

HUMPHREY MITCHELL A. MACNAMARA  
Minister of Labour Deputy Minister

## Dog Pound Ladies Hold Annual Community Sale

The Dog Pound held their annual community sale on Saturday, March 2 which again proved a huge success.

The ladies served lunch and had a sales table of fancy work. The sewing and lunch amounted to approximately \$225.00 which went a long way towards making the sale a success.

Gross returns were \$562.00. The proceeds are to pay for the lights on the skating rink approximately \$175 and the balance will be put into a fund to aid the returned boys in a case of distress.

The Dog Pound had a fish pond and bean guessing contest during the sale and made \$20.00 which will be donated to the Junior Red Cross.

Mr. Joe Taylor of Horse Creek donated his time and expense of the trip to act as auctioneer.

The committee wish to thank Mr. Taylor all the donors, purchasers and those that did the work to make the sale the success it was in spite of the bad roads.

Jerry Abra accompanied by his mother and aunt Mrs. Hopworth left for Winnipeg on Tuesday of this week. Jerry is to take a course of treatments for his twisted feet. We hope to see Jerry come back soon fully recovered.

Mrs. N. Pope of Calgary spent last week-end here with her daughter, Mrs. J. Van Marston.

### NOTICE

Having sold my garage business to Mr. E. Sharp, I wish to thank my many patrons for their kind co-operation and support during the years I have been in the garage business in Crossfield. Ernie's reputation as a mechanic is well known throughout the district and on his behalf I would solicit the same continued kind patronage as given me in the past. I am continuing my wholesale fuel business and can still supply your demands for the best in tractor requirements. Again thanking you.

6-31p

P. T. BAKER

## Financial Statement

CROSSFIELD MUTUAL TELEPHONE COMPANY

Receipts and expenditures for the year  
Ending December 31st, 1945.

RECEIPTS

Rental	\$2,884.10
Tolls	1,940.53
Shares Sold	360.00
Labor and Material	365.29
Installations	78.70
Advance Payments	877.83
	\$6,406.43

Bank Balance at Dec. 31st, 1944. 635.31

Total \$7,041.74

EXPENDITURES

A.G.T. Service charge	\$1,089.75
A.G.T. tolls	2,949.44
A.G.T. Pin space	74.40
Stationery, Stamps, etc.	62.3
Secretary and Auditor	376.29
O. C. rent	125.50
Refund on shares	120.00
Insurance	37.50
Wages	1,213.97
Supplies	1,370.93
Unemployment Insurance	18.30
Sundries	10.94
	\$6,548.96

Bank Balance at December 31st, 1945 492.78

Total \$7,041.74

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Crossfield Mutual Telephone Company will be held in the Fire Hall on Saturday, March 23, 1946 commencing at 2 o'clock.

H. MAY, Secretary

## This is Us

First there is Bill the driver of the bus.  
Who always keeps a good watch on us.  
Then there is Betty a good time gal,  
And a swell classmate pal  
Next there is Terry who is a goon  
And I'm sure he'd like to sleep to noon  
Then there's Gordie a perfect dope.  
But I've never seen him hope  
Then there's Mary D.  
Twiddle dum, twiddle dec.  
Then there's Lawrence, a whiz at debate  
Even if his ears do stick out straight.  
Now comes Jo, who we all know  
For to school she loves to go  
Next there's Ed who likes to fight  
But he's always in the right.  
Then next comes Bub Bill  
Whose life I'm told is full of thrills.  
Now Keith works busy as a bee  
But continually barks up the wrong tree  
Next is Mary the quiet kind  
But never is one to be behind  
Then there's Joy, a sort of devil  
But don't get her wrong she's on the level  
Then there's Margaret who'll never say nope  
But she is always full of hope  
Next there is Johnny who will go places  
When he learns to tie his own shoelaces  
Here comes La Verne whose full of vim  
But never will she forget her Jim  
Then there's Robert who is not very well  
But we all think that he is swell.  
Next there's Mel, whose very tricky  
And he really fell for Mickey  
Now comes Charlie, who we call Smitty  
And who really thinks that he is quite witty  
Then there's Willard, quite a jerk  
And at his work he'll always shrink  
And then there's Donald, quite a guy  
But you never see him without a black eye  
Then there is Jack who I'm told  
Still counts his toes tho' he's ten-years old  
Then there's Lois whose last name is Smart  
But doesn't live up to it in art  
Here's Bernice who is full of fun  
And she's always on the run  
And we think that Bill has a hunch  
That we are a terrible bunch  
What do you say folks ---- We agree

### CLASSIFIED ADS.

ROSEBUD HEALTH UNIT Well Baby and inoculation clinics will be held once a month as follows:  
Crossfield United Church Parlor—The first Thursday of each month, 2 to 4 p.m. These clinics are free. You are cordially invited to attend.

FARMERS are you interested in Yorkshire Hog Breeding Stock? How many Yorkshire bred guinea can you handle on your farm? I have a limited number of these girls. If you are interested address replies to the Editor of the Olds Gazette, Olds, Alberta. 6-31p

FOR SALE—Brooder stove, complete; line new, 500 chick size. A. W. Smart, Crossfield, Phone R260. 5-1p

After your old sow farrows in the spring we suggest that you market and take advantage of the present day high prices of sows. Then step in and purchase bred girls for June, July, August, and September farrowing. If interested see the editor of this newspaper. 5-2p

### NOW IS THE TIME

If Crossfield and district is to have an old time Sports Day with Horse and foot races, bare and soft ball and all that goes with such a day, now is the time to be doing something about it. A committee is working to find out what support can be had and are looking for suggestions and assistance. So far the date is tentatively set for June 19th, which will come all too soon unless action commences at once, and to put it over in a worth while way will take lots of planning. Talk this over with anyone you can get to listen and let the committee know what you have on your mind.

Week-end guest at the Bowens' were Miss Jean Bowen of Edmonton, Mrs. Myrtle Stringer Calgary, and Mr. and Mrs. George Foster of Carstairs.

### NOTICE

Having bought the trucking business lately carried on by J. Richards, I hope to be able to give the same satisfactory service. Your patronage will be appreciated.  
Bud Fisher.  
Phone 56.

### Commemorating--

50 YEARS  
Protective Service at COST.  
to the Homes, Farms and Businesses of CANADA

Enquire about  
EXTINGUISHER SERVICE  
from one of the following District Agents

**Harry May  
Crossfield**

**REGISTERED AND CERTIFIED SEED**  
Good seed increases production.  
See our Agent for prices and particulars on cereal and forage seed.  
**The Alberta Pacific Grain Co. (1945) Ltd.**

It's grain... Ask us!  
**PARRISH & HEIMBECKER LTD.**  
Grain Receivers, Shippers and Exporters  
An old established firm with a reputation for doing business right.  
Head office — Grain Exchange Bldg., Winnipeg  
BRANCHES: CALGARY — TORONTO — MONTREAL

## rendered by CANADA'S LARGEST MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Fifty years ago, twenty sturdy pioneers of the Wawanesa district gathered together and organized a mutual insurance company. It completed its first year with a net surplus of only \$5.96. Today the Wawanesa is the largest fire mutual in Canada.  
This phenomenal growth didn't just happen. It reflects a combination of early vision, courageous leadership, dependable protection at cost, prompt and fair settlement of claims, and the complete confidence of an ever-increasing host of members.

**THE Wawanesa**  
MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY  
WAWANESA, MANITOBA  
A.T. HAWLEY, K.C. J.G. FRASER H. HEIMMONS F.M. MCARTHUR  
President Vice-President Manager Treasurer

## BANKING IN ACTION



**ELECTRIFICATION!** What magic in the word—particularly for the farmer, the rural home owner! Power for the cream separator, the churn; for the silage cutter and the hardwood saw; for implements that used to spell back-breaking work. Energy for lighting, cooking, refrigeration; for household appliances of all kinds. The coming of Hydro lifts burdens, speeds tasks, transforms life on the concessions. Once electrification is decided on, Banking goes into Action.

Through Farm Improvement Loans with special terms The Canadian Bank of Commerce finances installation of the necessary Hydro equipment on the farm itself, or the purchase of an independent farm electric system. These loans are also applicable to the purchase of many electrical appliances. This is Banking in Action.

## THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

J. LUNAN, Manager, Crossfield Branch